



Advanced Product Development Team Team X

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13 August, 2002





Advanced Product Development Team Team X

Agenda

Team X Charter

Concurrent Design Process

Cost/Schedule Metrics

Design Team Tools

Distributed Concurrent Engineering (DCE) Process/Tools

Subsystem Design Tools

Cost Validation

Advantages of Team X Process





Team-X Charter

The Advanced Projects Design Team ("Team X") was started in April of 1995. The team was chartered to:

- Improve the speed and quality of JPL's new mission concepts.
- Create a reusable study process with dedicated facilities, equipment, procedures, and tools.
- Develop a database of initial mission requirements that can be easily updated and electronically transferred for use in subsequent project phases.
- Develop mission generalists from a pool of experienced engineers.

Over 450 completed studies to date





Concurrent Design Process

Old Process - Sequential



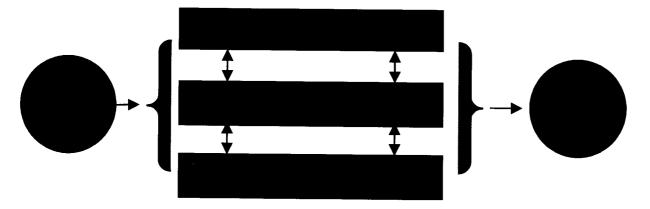
Provide Staff

Subsystem Design System Trades

Cost

End

New Process - Concurrent







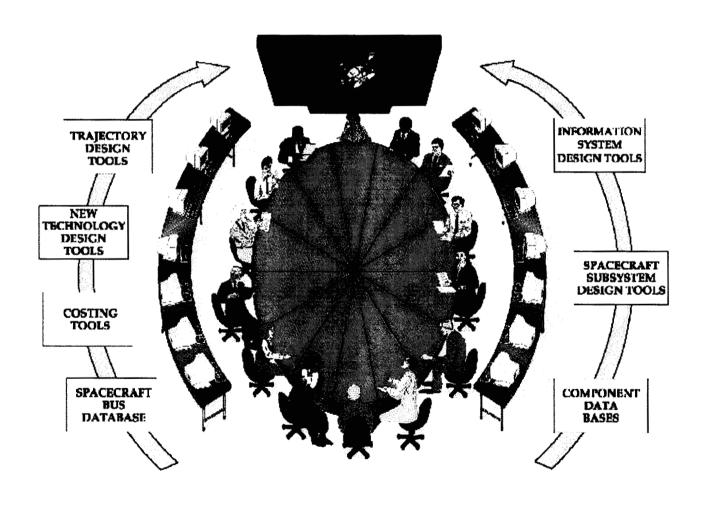
Cost/Schedule Metrics

| | \$10K | \$100K | \$250K | \$300K | \$400K |
|---------------------|---------|------------|--------|----------|--------|
| Proposal Cost (old) | | | | | |
| Proposal Cost (new) | | | | | |
| | Week 1 | 10 | 12 | 26 | 32 |
| Design Time (Old) | | | | | |
| Design Time (New) | | | | | |
| Studies /Year (Old) | 5 10 15 | 5 20 25 30 | 35 40 | 45 50 55 | 60 |
| Studies/Year (New) | | | | | |





Design Team Tools







The DCE Process

- Meet with the customer, define the study and mission objectives.
- Meet with team leaders to determine roles and responsibilities.
- Meet with the customer and a subset of the team to develop requirements and identify pre-session analyses.
- Provide top level requirements and results from pre-session analyses to the combined DCE team.





DCE Tools

- Each team uses existing internal tools and processes with minimum modification.
- For external communication we use existing COTS tools:
 - Video teleconferencing utilizing ISDN lines.
 - Meet-me phone lines.
 - NetMeeting and/or Timbuktu application sharing software for visual data sharing.
 - VPN and/or Timbuktu to dynamically share local files.





Subsystem Design Tools

Design tool used for the Team X studies is an Excel coupled tool.

The Excel tool for all subsystems, as well as programmatics, and systems rollup are interlinked such that an on-put from any subsystem will be routed to all subsystems to which this data is necessary to complete its function.

The reporting tool is Word, and has a notes section as well as a reporting section.



CEM Tool



| | į l | 1/ | | CBE + | 1 | | | | NASA | | |
|---|-------|-------------------------|------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|---------|--------|-----|----------|
| | Unit | Mass Contingency [kg] % | | Contingency | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | Onk | 7.51 | 27% | [kg] 9.51 | Science 10.1 | Telecom 10.1 | TCM 10.1 | Cruise | Launch | TRL | Comments |
| | | 7.51 | 217 | 7.31 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.1 | | |
| The rmal (Spacecraft only) | | 7.44 | | 7.44 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.1 | | Assumes |
| The rmal Subsystem Type (Passive/Active) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sum of Elements to Check | | 7.51 | 27% | 9.51 | | | | | | | |
| Multila yer insula tion | | 4.52 | 30% | 5.88 | | | | | | | 1 |
| No. of Layers (Type 1 or 2) | ł | | | 1 | | | | | | | Type 1 |
| The rmal Surfaces | 1 | 0.16 | 30% | 0.20 | | | | | | | Type I |
| Films | 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| P a ints | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Tapes | | | | | | | | | | | I |
| Thermal Conduction Control | | 0.20 | 30% | 0.26 | | | | | | | ŀ |
| Fiberglas | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Diamond | | | ł | | | | | | | | |
| Louvers Total Mass | 0.0 | 0.00 | Į. | 0.00 | | | | | | : | |
| Vairable Emissivity Surface (/m2) | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Thermal Radia tor (Unit Area) | 0.0 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | | | | | | } |
| Thermostats (Number) | 10.0 | 0.50 | 30% | 0.65 | | | | | | | |
| Heaters (Number) | 5.0 | 0.25 | 30% | 0.33 | | ŀ | | | | | |
| Heat Pipes (per 30 cm) | 1.0 | 0.18 | 30% | 0.23 | | | | | | | 1 |
| Passive / Variable Cond. | 0.0 | 0.00 | İ | 0.00 | | | | | | | |
| Sensors | | | | | | | j | | | | |
| Temperature | 30.0 | 0.30 | 10% | 0.33 | | | 1 | | | | i |
| Others | | | | | - | | | | | | |
| Sun Shade | | | | | | | | | | | İ |
| Ae ro-S hie ld | | | | | | | i | | | | 1 |
| Special Element | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RHU's | 0.0 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | | | | | | 1. |
| Propulsion System (Inc. Thermost | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | | | | | | Assumes |
| Tank Heaters | 4.0 | 0.40 | 20% | 0.48 | | | | | | | |
| Line Heaters | 10.0 | 1.00 | 15% | 1.15 | | | | | | | |
| instrument Thermal Mass/Power | 10.0 | 1.00 | 1370 | 1.15 | | | | | | | |
| Estimated Subsystem Cost (\$M FY97) | | | | | | | | | | | <u></u> |
| Zamnawa Bubayatem Cost(JMF 197) | Earth | | | W | Phase A | Phase B | Phase C | Phase D | | | |
| NonRec | | | | Workforce | 0.07 | 0.50 | 0.524 | 0.971 | | | |
| Non Rec Red | 0.91 | | | Dev/Test | | 0.1 | 0.3 | | | | 10 |
| Kea | 1.731 | | | Flt HW | | | | 0.301 | | | 10 |
| | | | | TestHW | | | | 0.25 | | | |



Thermal Hardware List + Power



Mission:

Study Name

Element:

Orbiter

Thermal System

Standard Report Equipment List

ROWS, COLUMNS, AND CELLS MAY BE DELETED FOR PRINT OUT FORMATING PURPOSES WITH USERS CAN ADJUST ROW AND COLUMN WIDTHS TO THEIR OWN PREFERENCES.

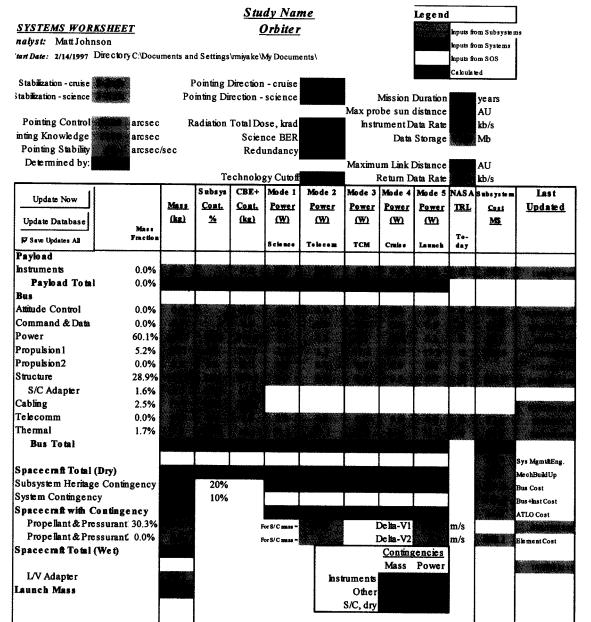
| Subsystem Totals | 1 | 7.510 | 20.2 | 10.1 |
|------------------|---|-------|------|------|
|------------------|---|-------|------|------|

| Component | Fit Unit s | Mass/ Unit (kg) | Total Mass (kg) | Peak Power per Unit (W) | Average Power per Unit (W) |
|------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Multilayer Insulation | | | 4.520 | <u> </u> | ! |
| Thermal Surfaces | | | 0.160 | | |
| Thermal Conduction Control | | | 0.200 | | |
| Louvers Total Mass | 0 | 0.975 | 0.000 | | |
| Thermal Radiator (Unit Area) | 0 | 27.000 | 0.000 | | |
| Heaters/Thermostats | | | 2.150 | 20.2 | 10.1 |
| Heat Pipes (per 30 cm) | 1 | 0.180 | 0.180 | | |
| Passive Variable Cond. | | | 0.000 | | |
| Temp Sensors | | | 0.300 | | |
| RHU's | | | 0.000 | | |



System Summary









Cost Validation

Validation the cost of the studies conducted by Team X as compared by actual costs.

There have been about 10 studies used in a validation evaluation.

The Team X cost variation used is \pm 30%.

Of the 10 studies used in the validation evaluation

5 were within \pm 10%

2 were within +/- 20%

2 were within \pm 30 %

Only 1 was out side the \pm -30 %, and was \pm 34 %





Advantages of Team-X Process

- Enables real-time design and resolution of trade issues by all team members.
 - Allows team members to utilize tools while interacting with others
- Allows visibility across subsystem interfaces.
- Enables early agreement and ownership of decisions by all disciplines.
- Improve quality of JPL proposals and pre-projects
 - Facilitates assessment of cost, risk and performance
 - Facilitates assessment of tradeoff and descope options
- Improves phase-A design and saves money and schedule in the design process.